Music Skills and Knowledge Progression - Charanga

	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Liston and Annusics	. To lineau F conce off bu	. To luncus five concess off	. To be our five come	. To luncus fit to compa	a Ta kaassa fissa aanaa	a Ta kaassi fisa aanaa
Listen and Appraise	• To know 5 songs off by	• To know five songs off	To know five songs	•To know five songs	•To know five songs	To know five songs
	heart.	by heart.	from memory and	from memory and	from memory, who	from memory, who
	• To know what the	• To know some songs	who sang them or	who sang them or	sang or wrote them,	sang or wrote them,
	songs are about.	have a chorus or a	wrote them.	wrote them.	when they were	when they were
	To know and	response/answer part.	• To know the style of	•To know the style of	written and, if	written and why?
	recognise the sound	 To know that songs 	the five songs.	the five songs.	possible, why?	To know the style of
	and names of some of	have a musical style	 To choose one song 	 To choose one song 	•To know the style of	the songs and to
	the instruments they	• To learn how they can	and be able to talk	and be able to talk	the five songs and to	name other songs
	use.	enjoy moving to music	about:	about:	name other songs	from the Units in
	 To learn how they can 	by dancing, marching,	o Its lyrics: what the	 Some of the style 	from the Units in	those styles.
	enjoy moving to music	being animals or pop	song is about	indicators of that song	those styles.	 To choose three or
	by dancing, marching,	stars.	o Any musical	(musical	 To choose two or 	four other songs and
	being animals or pop	• To learn how songs	dimensions featured	characteristics that	three other songs and	be able to talk about:
	stars	can tell a story or	in the song, and where	give the song its style).	be able to talk about:	 The style indicators
		describe an idea	they are used (texture,	o The lyrics: what the	 Some of the style 	of the songs (musical
			dynamics, tempo,	song is about.	indicators of the songs	characteristics that
			rhythm and pitch)	o Any musical	(musical	give the songs their
			O Identify the main	dimensions featured	characteristics that	style)
			sections of the song	in the song and where	give the songs their	o The lyrics: what the
			(introduction, verse,	they are used (texture,	style)	songs are about
			chorus etc.)	dynamics, tempo,	o The lyrics: what the	o Any musical
			o Name some of the	rhythm and pitch).	songs are about	dimensions featured
			instruments they	O Identify the main	o Any musical	in the songs and
			heard in the song	sections of the song	dimensions featured	where they are used
			• To confidently identify	(introduction, verse,	in the songs and	(texture, dynamics,
			and move to the	chorus etc).	where they are used	tempo, rhythm, pitch
			pulse.	,	(texture, dynamics,	and timbre)

•To think about what	o Name some of the	tempo, rhythm and	o Identify the
the words of a song	instruments they	pitch)	structure of the songs
<u> </u>	heard in the song.	o Identify the main	(intro, verse, chorus
mean.	_	•	, ,
• To take it in turn to	To confidently identify	sections of the songs	etc.)
discuss how the song	and move to the	(intro, verse, chorus	O Name some of the
makes them feel.	pulse.	etc.)	instruments used in
Listen carefully and	 To talk about the 	 Name some of the 	the songs
respectfully to other	musical dimensions	instruments they	o The historical
people's thoughts	working together in	heard in the songs	context of the songs.
about the music	the Unit songs eg if	o The historical	What else was going
	the song gets louder in	context of the songs.	on at this time,
	the chorus (dynamics).	What else was going	musically and
	• Talk about the music	on at this time?	historically?
	and how it makes	To identify and move	Know and talk
	them feel.	to the pulse with ease.	about that fact that
	Listen carefully and	 To think about the 	we each have a
	respectfully to other	message of songs.	musical identity
	people's thoughts	 To compare two 	 To identify and move
	about the music.	songs in the same	to the pulse with
	When you talk try to	style, talking about	ease.
	use musical words.	what stands out	To think about the
	use musical merasi	musically in each of	message of songs.
		them, their similarities	To compare two
		and differences.	songs in the same
		 Listen carefully and 	style, talking about
		respectfully to other	what stands out
		people's thoughts	musically in each of
		about the music.	them, their
		When you talk try to	similarities and
		use musical words.	differences.
		To talk about the	
		musical dimensions	Listen carefully and
		working together in	respectfully to other
			people's thoughts
		the Unit songs.	about the music.

					Talk about the music and how it makes you feel	 Use musical words when talking about the songs. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music.
Games	 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. 	 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Rhythms are different from the steady pulse. We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments. 	 Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song. Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat. Know the difference between a musical question and an answer. 	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music Rhythm: the long and short patterns over the pulse Know the difference between pulse and rhythm Pitch: High and low sounds that create melodies How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together and how they connect in a song How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or music How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to

				for the group to copy or respond to		
Singing	 To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison. Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. 	 To confidently know and sing five songs from memory. To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time. Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). To know why we need to warm up our voices Learn about voices singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap (spoken word with rhythm). Learn to find a comfortable singing position. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader 	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other To know why you must warm up your voice To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo.	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group To know why you must warm up your voice To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing.	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To listen to the group when singing. To demonstrate a good singing posture. 	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling and context to your audience To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To demonstrate a good singing posture.

			 To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing. 	 To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To rejoin the song if lost. To listen to the group when singing. 	 To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. 	 To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
Playing	 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Learn the names of the instruments they are playing. Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform. Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note part, a simple part, medium part). 	 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class. Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Learn to play a tuned instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note, simple or medium part). Play the part in time with the steady pulse. 	To know and be able to talk about: The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder) To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a onenote, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.	To know and be able to talk about: The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone). Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends. To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a onenote, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation.	To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of	To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of

	Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader	 To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To experience leading the playing by making sure everyone plays in the playing section of the song. 	the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. • To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. • To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. • To lead a rehearsal session	the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To lead a rehearsal session
Improvisation	 Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. 	 Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Everyone can improvise, and you can use one or two notes 	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five

			To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	 To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations 	 To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations To know three well-known improvising musicians 	 To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs and ticks you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations To know three well-known improvising musicians
Composition	 Composing is like writing a story with music. Help to create a simple melody using one, two or three notes. Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary. 	 Composing is like writing a story with music. Help create three simple melodies with the Units using one, three or five different notes. Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary. 	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) • Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes.	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) • Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or all five different notes.	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure • Notation: recognise the connection	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure • Notation: recognise the connection

			 Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. Talk about how it was created. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation). 	 Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. Talk about how it was created. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation). 	between sound and symbol Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation)	between sound and symbol Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation)
					notation)	notation).
Performance	A performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience	 A performance is sharing music with an audience. A performance can be a special occasion and 	To know and be able to talk about: • Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience	To know and be able to talk about: • Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience	To know and be able to talk about: • Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience	To know and be able to talk about: • Performing is sharing music with an audience with belief

- Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it.
- They can add their ideas to the performance.
- Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.
- involve a class, a year group or a whole school.
- An audience can include your parents and friends.
- Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it.
- They can add their ideas to the performance.
- Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.

- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music

- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music
- To choose what to perform and create a programme.
- Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience.

- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music
- To choose what to perform and create a programme.
- To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.

- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music
- To choose what to perform and create a programme.
- To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.

		• To communicate the	• To talk about the	To talk about the
		meaning of the words	venue and how to use	venue and how to use
		and clearly articulate	it to best effect.	it to best effect.
		them.	• To record the	• To record the
		 To talk about the best 	performance and	performance and
		place to be when	compare it to a	compare it to a
		performing and how	previous performance.	previous performance.
		to stand or sit.	 To discuss and talk 	 To discuss and talk
		 To record the 	musically about it –	musically about it –
		performance and say	"What went well?"	"What went well?"
		how they were feeling,	and "It would have	and "It would have
		what they were	been even better	been even better
		pleased with what	if?"	if?"
		they would change		
		and why		